# Fugabella® Color

Decorative Resina-cemento® (resin-cement) for grouting of ceramic and porcelain tiles, mosaic and natural stone in a 50-colour design range. Green product for bio-building.

The groundbreaking hybrid grout Fugabella® Color is ideal when decorating any surface in porcelain, ceramic tiles, mosaic and natural stone.

Fugabella® Color achieves performance characteristics such as water repellence, very low water absorption, high surface hardness, high resistance to the most common acidic substances and total colour uniformity.







#### Eco 4\*

- × Regional Mineral ≥ 60%
- ✓ Recycled Mineral ≥ 30%
- $\sqrt{\text{CO}_2} \le 250 \text{ g/kg}$
- √ VOC Low Emission
- Recyclable
- \* Rating based on average colour formulations

- 1. Fine-grain finish
- 2. Superior flexibility
- 3. Water-repellent compound with water-drop effect
- 4. High CATAS-tested chromatic uniformity
- 5. 50-colour collection, color designer Piero Lissoni
- 6. Easy to clean and maintain
- 7. Suitable for underfloor heating systems
- 8. Can be recycled as mineral inert material, avoiding waste disposal costs and environmental impact
- 9. Natural bacteriostatic product stabilized with pure natural lime to avoid the use of pesticide additives

## kerakoll the greenbuilding company

**Kerakoli** Fugabella® Color Code: P1091 2018/11 EN

## Areas of application

- → High-performance grouting of joints from 0 to 20 mm, with smooth finish, high degree of hardness, water-repellence with water-drop effect.

  Materials to be grouted:
  - porcelain tiles, low thickness slabs, ceramic tiles, klinker, cotto, glass and ceramic mosaic, of all types and formats
  - natural stone, recomposed materials, marble.
- → Intended use:
  - internal and external flooring and walls, in domestic, commercial and industrial applications and street furniture, in

- environments subject to heavy traffic, also in areas subject to thermal shock and freezing
- swimming pools, tanks and fountains
- underfloor heating systems.

Do not use on joints more than 20 mm in width, on floors and walls where specific chemical resistances or absolutely no water absorption are required; to grout elastic expansion or fractionising joints; on substrates which are highly deformable, not perfectly dry or subject to moisture rising.

#### Instructions for use

→ Preparation of substrates

Before grouting joints, check that tiles have been laid correctly and are anchored perfectly to the substrate. Substrates must be perfectly dry. Grout joints in accordance with the recommended waiting time indicated on the relative data sheet for the adhesive used. For mortar substrates, wait at least 7 – 14 days depending on screed thickness, ambient weather conditions and on the level of absorption of the covering and the substrate. Any water or moisture rising can cause salt to build up on the surface of the grout or cause shade variations on account of the uneven evaporation of remaining water through the grout.

Joints must be free from any excess adhesive, even if already hardened, and must be of an even depth of at least <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub> of the overall thickness of the tile covering. This is necessary to prevent different drying times of each different thickness, with subsequent shade variations.

Any dust and loose debris must be removed from the joints by carefully cleaning them with a vacuum cleaner. In the case of highly absorbent tiles or high temperatures, a damp sponge should be passed across the surface of the tilework prior to grouting joints, in order to prevent any water stagnation.

Before grouting joints with contrasting colours, check the cleanability, as highly porous surfaces may make cleaning difficult. It is advisable to perform a preliminary test on tiles not to be laid or in a small, concealed area. In these cases we recommend treating the covering with specific protective products, being careful to avoid applying them to the joints.

→ Preparation

Prepare Fugabella® Color in a clean container, first of all pouring in a quantity of water equal to approximately ¾ of the amount required. Gradually add Fugabella® Color to the container, mixing the paste from the bottom upwards with a low-rev (≈ 400/min) helicoidal agitator. Add more water until the desired consistency is obtained. The mixture must be of smooth consistency and without any lumps. For best results, and to mix larger quantities of the grout, a stirring device with vertical blades and slow rotation is recommended. Specific polymers with high-dispersion properties ensure that Fugabella® Color is immediately ready for use. Mix a quantity to be used within 60 min. at +23 °C 50% R.H. The amount of water to be added, indicated on the packaging, is an approximate guide and will vary depending on the different colours. It is possible to obtain mixtures with consistency of variable thixotropy according to the application to be made. Adding extra water does not improve the workability and the cleanability of the grout, and may cause shrinkage in the plastic phase of drying and result in less effective final performance. Prepare all mixtures required to complete the process using the same amount of water, in order to avoid any variations in grout shade.

→ Application

Fugabella® Color must be applied evenly on the tile covering with a spreader or hard rubber float. Grout material has to be completely filled between entire joint areas, the application has to be done diagonally with respect to the joints. Remove most of the excess grout immediately, leaving only a thin film on the tile.

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#### Instructions for use

→ Cleaning

Begin cleaning the tilework when the grout is touch dry into the joint. On completion, clean up the surface using a thick, large-sized sponge damped in clean water to avoid removing grout from the joints. Make sure clean water is used at all times, using appropriate trays with grills and cleaning rollers for the sponge.

Use circular movements to soften the film of hardened grout on the tiles. Finish cleaning up by dragging the sponge diagonally across the tiles while applying water evenly over the tiles, in order to prevent any shade variations. Residual traces of grout can be removed from tools with water before the product has hardened.

## Special notes

- → When using Fugabella® Color to grout joints in large surface areas, use suitable electrical equipment to increase application speed and cleaning times. In particular, cleaning with electric sponges can be easily carried out and ensures superior coverage and perfect results in aesthetic terms.
- → Before grouting highly porous surface coverings, or at high temperatures, it is advisable to wipe a damp sponge over the surface to counteract the porosity or to cool the surface, being careful not to cause water to stagnate in the joints.
- → It is recommended to use materials from the same production batch throughout.
- → The partial or full replacement of mixing water with Fugaflex Eco eco-friendly flexibilizing latex for cement-based grouts, gives increased flexibility to Fugabella® Color, reduces the elastic modulus, increases resistance to water and substrate adhesion. Its use is recommended in the following specific applications: laying on wooden floors, laying on substrates or using materials with high thermal expansion or where surfaces are to be subsequently smoothed.
- → Approved for marine use.

#### Certificates and marks





















#### **Abstract**

Certified, high-performance grouting of ceramic tiles, porcelain tiles, low thickness slabs, marble and natural stone with eco-friendly, naturally bacteriostatic and fungistatic mineral grout with high colour fastness, compliant with standard ISO 13007-3 – class CG2 WA, GreenBuilding Rating® Eco 4, such as Fugabella® Color by Kerakoll Spa. Joints must be dry and free from traces of adhesive and loose debris. Use a spreader or hard rubber float to apply the grout and suitable sponges and clean water to clean joints on completion. Joints of \_\_\_\_ mm width and tiles \_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_ cm in size will give an average coverage of approx. \_\_\_\_ kg/m². Existing elastic expansion and fractionizing joints must be respected.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Émission dans l'air intérieur Information sur le niveau d'émission de substances volatiles dans l'air intérieur, présentant un risque de tayleité par inhalation sur une échelle de classe allant de A. (très faibles émissions) à C (fortes émissions)



ıgabella® Color colour chart	Colour Fastness* * GSc (Daylight) EN ISO 105-A05 standar
01	4.5
02	4.5
03	4.5
04	4.5
05	4.5
06	4.5
07	4.5
08	4.5
09	5
10	4,5
11	5
12	5
13	4.5
14	4.5
15	4
16	4
17	4.5
18	4.5
19	4.5
20	5
21	4.5
22	4.5
23	4.5
24	4.5
25	4.5
26	4.5
27	5
28	5
29	4.5
30	4.5
31	4.5
32	4.5
33	4.5
34	4.5
35	4.5
36	4.5
37	4.5
38	4.5
39	4.5
40	4.5
41 42	4
	3.5 5
43	
44	4.5
45	5
46	4.5
47	5
48	4.5
49	4.5

Legend

from 5 to 4 high colour fastness; for internal and external use good colour fastness; for internal and external use from 2.5 to 1 limited colour fastness; for internal use

\* ageing data 500 hrs Daylight. ISO 11341:2004. GSc (EN ISO 105 A05)



Technical data compliant with Kerak	oll Quality Standard	
Appearance	coloured pre-mixed	
Apparent volumetric mass	$\approx 1.22 \text{ kg/dm}^3$	UEAtc/CSTB 2435
Average granulometric composition	≈ 70 µm	
Mixing water:		
- 3 kg bag	≈ 0.71 / 1 bag 3 kg	
- 20 kg bag	$\approx 4.5$ l / 1 bag 20 kg	
Shelf life:		
- 3 kg bag	$\approx 24$ months in the original packaging in dry environment	
- 20 kg bag	$\approx 12$ months in the original packaging in dry environment	
Pack	bags 20 kg – 3 kg	ISO 11600
Specific weight of the mixture	$\approx 1.86 \text{ kg/dm}^3$	UNI 7121
Pot life	≥ 50 min.	
Temperature range for application	from +5 °C to +35 °C	
Width of joints	from 0 to 20 mm	
Grouting after laying:		
- with adhesive	see characteristics of adhesive	
- mortar	≈ 7 – 14 days	
Foot traffic	≈ 3 hrs	
Foot traffic at +5 °C	≈ 10 hrs	
Foot traffic at +35 °C	≈ 2 hrs	
Interval before normal use	≈ 24 hrs	
Ready for use at +5 °C	≈ 3 days	
Ready for use at +35 °C	≈ 8 hrs	
Ready for use in swimming pools	≈ 3 days	
Coverage	see approximate coverage table	

Values taken at +23 °C, 50% R.H. and no ventilation. Data may vary depending on specific conditions at the building site, i.e.temperature, ventilation and absorbency level of the substrate and of the materials laid.



ss $1 \text{ mm}$ $\approx 570$ $\approx 304$ $\approx 152$ $\approx 266$ $\approx 126$ $\approx 177$ $\approx 95$	≈ 1140 ≈ 608 ≈ 304 ≈ 532 ≈ 253 ≈ 354	gramme 3 mm ≈ 1710 ≈ 912 ≈ 456 ≈ 798 ≈ 380 ≈ 532	es/m² joint  4 mm  ≈ 2280  ≈ 1216  ≈ 608  ≈ 1064  ≈ 506	width 5 mm ≈ 2850 ≈ 1520 ≈ 760 ≈ 1330 ≈ 633	8 mm  ≈ 4560  ≈ 2432  ≈ 1216  ≈ 2128  ≈ 1013	≈ 6840 ≈ 3648 ≈ 1824 ≈ 3193
$ \begin{array}{rcl} 1 \text{ mm} \\ \approx 570 \\ \text{nm} &\approx 304 \\ \text{nm} &\approx 152 \\ \text{nm} &\approx 266 \\ \text{nm} &\approx 126 \\ \text{nm} &\approx 177 \end{array} $	≈ 1140 ≈ 608 ≈ 304 ≈ 532 ≈ 253 ≈ 354	3 mm ≈ 1710 ≈ 912 ≈ 456 ≈ 798 ≈ 380	4 mm ≈ 2280 ≈ 1216 ≈ 608 ≈ 1064 ≈ 506	5 mm ≈ 2850 ≈ 1520 ≈ 760 ≈ 1330	≈ 4560 ≈ 2432 ≈ 1216 ≈ 2128	12 mm ≈ 6840 ≈ 3648 ≈ 1824 ≈ 3192
mm ≈ 570 mm ≈ 304 mm ≈ 152 mm ≈ 266 mm ≈ 126 mm ≈ 177	≈ 1140 ≈ 608 ≈ 304 ≈ 532 ≈ 253 ≈ 354	≈ 1710 ≈ 912 ≈ 456 ≈ 798 ≈ 380	≈ 2280 ≈ 1216 ≈ 608 ≈ 1064 ≈ 506	≈ 2850 ≈ 1520 ≈ 760 ≈ 1330	≈ 4560 ≈ 2432 ≈ 1216 ≈ 2128	≈ 6840 ≈ 3640 ≈ 1820 ≈ 319
mm ≈ 304 mm ≈ 152 mm ≈ 266 mm ≈ 126 mm ≈ 177	≈ 608 ≈ 304 ≈ 532 ≈ 253 ≈ 354	≈ 912 ≈ 456 ≈ 798 ≈ 380	≈ 1216 ≈ 608 ≈ 1064 ≈ 506	≈ 1520 ≈ 760 ≈ 1330	≈ 2432 ≈ 1216 ≈ 2128	≈ 3648 ≈ 1824 ≈ 319
mm ≈ 152 mm ≈ 266 mm ≈ 126 mm ≈ 177	≈ 304 ≈ 532 ≈ 253 ≈ 354	≈ 456 ≈ 798 ≈ 380	≈ 608 ≈ 1064 ≈ 506	≈ 760 ≈ 1330	≈ 1216 ≈ 2128	≈ 1824 ≈ 319
mm ≈ 266 mm ≈ 126 mm ≈ 177	≈ 532 ≈ 253 ≈ 354	≈ 798 ≈ 380	≈ 1064 ≈ 506	≈ 1330	≈ 2128	≈ 319
nm ≈ 126 nm ≈ 177	≈ 253 ≈ 354	≈ 380	≈ 506			
nm ≈ 177	≈ 354			≈ 633	≈ 1013	
		≈ 532			-022	≈ 152
ım ≈ 95	≈ 190		≈ 709	≈ 886	≈ 1418	≈ 212
	~ 190	≈ 285	≈ 380	≈ 475	≈ 760	≈ 114
nm ≈ 76	≈ 152	≈ 228	≈ 304	≈ 380	≈ 608	≈ 91
nm ≈ 95	≈ 190	≈ 285	≈ 380	≈ 475	≈ 760	≈ 114
nm ≈ 63	≈ 126	≈ 190	≈ 253	≈ 316	≈ 506	≈ 76
nm ≈ 164	≈ 328	≈ 493	≈ 657	≈ 822	≈ 1315	≈ 197
nm ≈ 118	≈ 237	≈ 356	≈ 475	≈ 593	≈ 950	≈ 142
nm ≈ 71	≈ 142	≈ 213	≈ 285	≈ 356	≈ 570	≈ 85
nm ≈ 47	≈ 95	≈ 142	≈ 190	≈ 237	≈ 380	≈ 57
nm ≈ 193	≈ 387	≈ 581	≈ 775	≈ 969	≈ 1550	≈ 232
nm ≈ 105	≈ 211	≈ 316	≈ 422	≈ 527	≈ 844	≈ 126
nm ≈ 147	≈ 295	≈ 443	≈ 591	≈ 738	≈ 1182	≈ 177
nm ≈ 84	≈ 168	≈ 253	≈ 337	≈ 422	≈ 675	≈ 101
nm ≈ 52	≈ 105	≈ 158	≈ 211	≈ 263	≈ 422	≈ 63
nm ≈ 17	≈ 34	≈ 51	≈ 68	≈ 85	≈ 136	≈ 20
nm ≈ 11	≈ 22	≈ 34	≈ 45	≈ 57	≈ 91	≈ 13
nm ≈ 205	≈ 411	≈ 617	≈ 823	≈ 1029	≈ 1646	≈ 247
nm ≈ 142	≈ 285	≈ 427	≈ 570	≈ 712	≈ 1140	≈ 171
nm ≈ 110	≈ 221	≈ 332	≈ 443	≈ 554	≈ 886	≈ 133
nm ≈ 79	≈ 158	≈ 237	≈ 316	≈ 395	≈ 633	≈ 95
nm ≈ 23	≈ 47	≈ 71	≈ 95	≈ 118	≈ 190	≈ 28
nm ≈ 15	≈ 31	≈ 47	≈ 63	≈ 79	≈ 126	≈ 19
nm ≈ 7	≈ 15	≈ 22	≈ 30	≈ 38	≈ 60	≈ 9
	mm $\approx 63$ mm $\approx 164$ mm $\approx 118$ mm $\approx 71$ mm $\approx 47$ mm $\approx 193$ mm $\approx 105$ mm $\approx 147$ mm $\approx 84$ mm $\approx 52$ mm $\approx 17$ mm $\approx 110$ mm $\approx 142$ mm $\approx 110$ mm $\approx 79$ mm $\approx 23$ mm $\approx 15$	nm $\approx 63$ $\approx 126$ nm $\approx 164$ $\approx 328$ nm $\approx 118$ $\approx 237$ nm $\approx 71$ $\approx 142$ nm $\approx 47$ $\approx 95$ nm $\approx 193$ $\approx 387$ nm $\approx 105$ $\approx 211$ nm $\approx 147$ $\approx 295$ nm $\approx 52$ $\approx 105$ nm $\approx 17$ $\approx 34$ nm $\approx 17$ $\approx 34$ nm $\approx 11$ $\approx 22$ nm $\approx 142$ $\approx 285$ nm $\approx 142$ $\approx 285$ nm $\approx 110$ $\approx 221$ nm $\approx 79$ $\approx 158$ nm $\approx 23$ $\approx 47$ nm $\approx 15$ $\approx 31$	nm $\approx 63$ $\approx 126$ $\approx 190$ nm $\approx 164$ $\approx 328$ $\approx 493$ nm $\approx 118$ $\approx 237$ $\approx 356$ nm $\approx 71$ $\approx 142$ $\approx 213$ nm $\approx 47$ $\approx 95$ $\approx 142$ nm $\approx 193$ $\approx 387$ $\approx 581$ nm $\approx 105$ $\approx 211$ $\approx 316$ nm $\approx 147$ $\approx 295$ $\approx 443$ nm $\approx 147$ $\approx 295$ $\approx 443$ nm $\approx 84$ $\approx 168$ $\approx 253$ nm $\approx 52$ $\approx 105$ $\approx 158$ nm $\approx 17$ $\approx 34$ $\approx 51$ nm $\approx 17$ $\approx 34$ $\approx 51$ nm $\approx 17$ $\approx 34$ $\approx 51$ nm $\approx 142$ $\approx 285$ $\approx 427$ nm $\approx 142$ $\approx 285$ $\approx 427$ nm $\approx 100$ $\approx 221$ $\approx 332$ nm $\approx 100$ $\approx 221$ $\approx 332$ nm $\approx 100$ $\approx 221$ $\approx 332$ nm       <	nm $\approx 63$ $\approx 126$ $\approx 190$ $\approx 253$ nm $\approx 164$ $\approx 328$ $\approx 493$ $\approx 657$ nm $\approx 118$ $\approx 237$ $\approx 356$ $\approx 475$ nm $\approx 71$ $\approx 142$ $\approx 213$ $\approx 285$ nm $\approx 47$ $\approx 95$ $\approx 142$ $\approx 190$ nm $\approx 193$ $\approx 387$ $\approx 581$ $\approx 775$ nm $\approx 105$ $\approx 211$ $\approx 316$ $\approx 422$ nm $\approx 105$ $\approx 211$ $\approx 316$ $\approx 422$ nm $\approx 147$ $\approx 295$ $\approx 443$ $\approx 591$ nm $\approx 147$ $\approx 295$ $\approx 443$ $\approx 591$ nm $\approx 17$ $\approx 34$ $\approx 51$ $\approx 68$ nm $\approx 17$ $\approx 34$ $\approx 51$ $\approx 68$ nm $\approx 17$ $\approx 34$ $\approx 51$ $\approx 68$ nm $\approx 11$ $\approx 22$ $\approx 34$ $\approx 45$ nm $\approx 142$ $\approx 285$ $\approx 427$ $\approx 570$ nm $\approx 110$ $\approx 221$ $\approx 332$ $\approx 443$	mm $\approx 63$ $\approx 126$ $\approx 190$ $\approx 253$ $\approx 316$ mm $\approx 164$ $\approx 328$ $\approx 493$ $\approx 657$ $\approx 822$ mm $\approx 118$ $\approx 237$ $\approx 356$ $\approx 475$ $\approx 593$ mm $\approx 71$ $\approx 142$ $\approx 213$ $\approx 285$ $\approx 356$ mm $\approx 47$ $\approx 95$ $\approx 142$ $\approx 190$ $\approx 237$ mm $\approx 193$ $\approx 387$ $\approx 581$ $\approx 775$ $\approx 969$ mm $\approx 105$ $\approx 211$ $\approx 316$ $\approx 422$ $\approx 527$ mm $\approx 147$ $\approx 295$ $\approx 443$ $\approx 591$ $\approx 738$ mm $\approx 147$ $\approx 295$ $\approx 443$ $\approx 591$ $\approx 738$ mm $\approx 84$ $\approx 168$ $\approx 253$ $\approx 337$ $\approx 422$ mm $\approx 17$ $\approx 34$ $\approx 51$ $\approx 68$ $\approx 85$ mm $\approx 17$ $\approx 34$ $\approx 51$ $\approx 68$ $\approx 85$ mm $\approx 11$ $\approx 22$ $\approx 34$ $\approx 45$ $\approx 57$ mm $\approx 142$ $\approx 285$	mm $\approx 63$ $\approx 126$ $\approx 190$ $\approx 253$ $\approx 316$ $\approx 506$ mm $\approx 164$ $\approx 328$ $\approx 493$ $\approx 657$ $\approx 822$ $\approx 1315$ mm $\approx 118$ $\approx 237$ $\approx 356$ $\approx 475$ $\approx 593$ $\approx 950$ mm $\approx 71$ $\approx 142$ $\approx 213$ $\approx 285$ $\approx 356$ $\approx 570$ mm $\approx 47$ $\approx 95$ $\approx 142$ $\approx 190$ $\approx 237$ $\approx 380$ mm $\approx 193$ $\approx 387$ $\approx 581$ $\approx 775$ $\approx 969$ $\approx 1550$ mm $\approx 105$ $\approx 211$ $\approx 316$ $\approx 422$ $\approx 527$ $\approx 844$ mm $\approx 105$ $\approx 211$ $\approx 316$ $\approx 422$ $\approx 675$ mm $\approx 147$ $\approx 295$ $\approx 443$ $\approx 591$ $\approx 738$ $\approx 1182$ mm $\approx 147$ $\approx 243$ $\approx 211$ $\approx 263$ $\approx 422$ $\approx 675$ mm $\approx 17$ $\approx 34$ $\approx 51$ $\approx 68$ $\approx 85$ $\approx 136$ mm $\approx 17$ $\approx 34$ $\approx 51$ $\approx 68$ $\approx 85$

The data provided must be considered merely as an indication of the grout coverage, averaged out based on our experience and taking into account normal site wastage. The following may vary according to specific conditions at the building site: roughness of tile, excess of residual product, lack of surface flatness, temperatures, seasonal conditions.

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VOC Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) - Volatile organic compound emissions						
EC 1-R GEV-Emicode	GEV certified 9522/11.01.02					
≥ 2.5 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	EN 12808-3					
≥ 15 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	ISO 13007-4.1.4					
≥ 15 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	ISO 13007-4.1.4					
≥ 2.5 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	EN 12808-3					
≥ 15 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	EN 12808-3					
≤ 1000 mm³	EN 12808-2					
≤ 2 g	EN 12808-5					
≤5 g	EN 12808-5					
see colour chart	UNI EN ISO 105-A06					
class F+	CSTB SB-2018-144					
class B+	CSTB SB-2018-142					
from -40 °C to +90 °C						
CG2 WA	ISO 13007-3					
	EC 1-R GEV-Emicode  ≥ 2.5 N/mm²  ≥ 15 N/mm²  ≥ 15 N/mm²  ≥ 15 N/mm²  ≤ 1000 mm³  ≤ 2 g  ≤5 g  see colour chart class F+ class B+ from -40 °C to +90 °C					

 $Values\ taken\ at\ +23\ ^{\circ}C,\ 50\%\ R.H.\ and\ no\ ventilation.\ Data\ may\ vary\ depending\ on\ specific\ conditions\ at\ the\ building\ site.$